

Supplementary Material

10.1302/2633-1462.510.BJO-2024-0144.R1

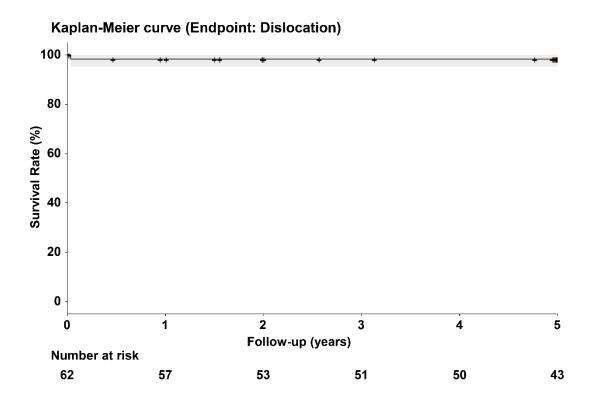


Fig a. Kaplan-Meier survival curve and 95% Cl. The endpoint was dislocation. Patients lost to follow-up (including death) were censored at the date of last contact, and those who underwent revision were censored at the time of revision.

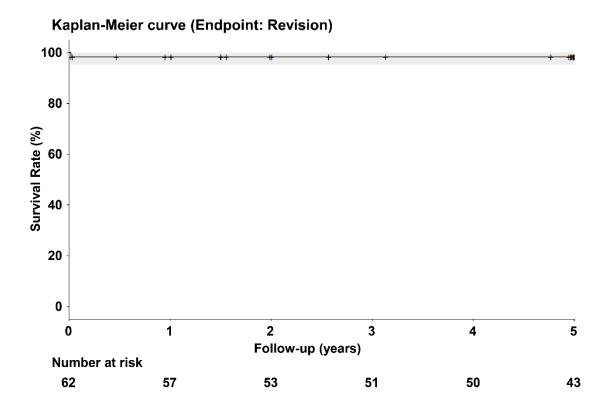


Fig b. Kaplan-Meier survivorship curve and 95% Cl. The endpoint was revision. Patients lost to follow-up (including death) were censored at the date of last contact, and those who underwent revision were censored at the time of dislocation.

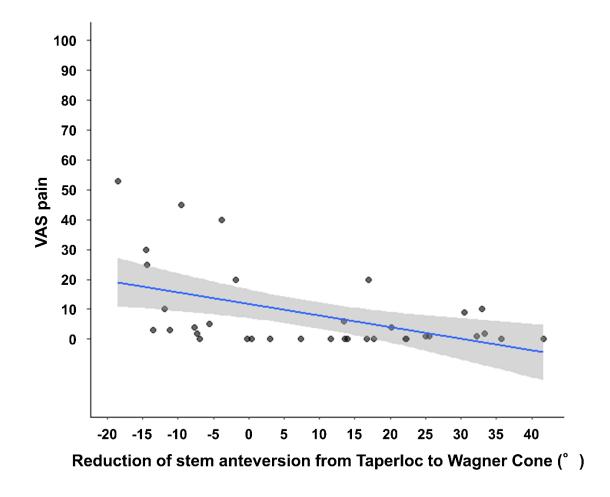


Fig c. Scatter plot, linear regression line, and 95% CI illustrating the association between reduction of stem anteversion from Taperloc to Wagner Cone (Zimmer Biomet, USA), and the visual analogue scale (VAS) pain are shown.

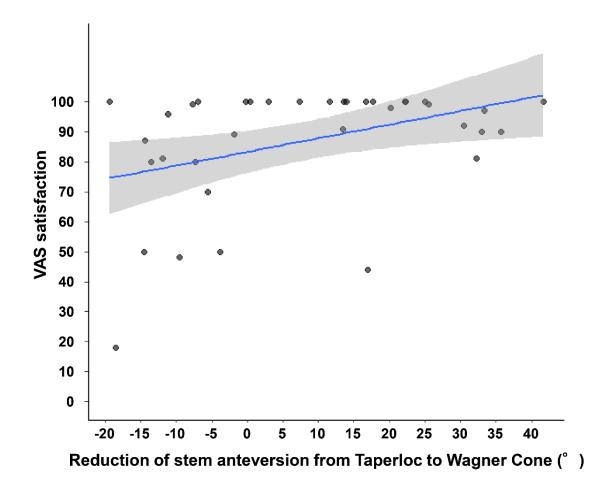


Fig d. Scatter plot, linear regression line, and 95% CI illustrating the association between reduction of stem anteversion from Taperloc to Wagner Cone (Zimmer Biomet, USA), and the visual analogue scale (VAS) satisfaction are shown.

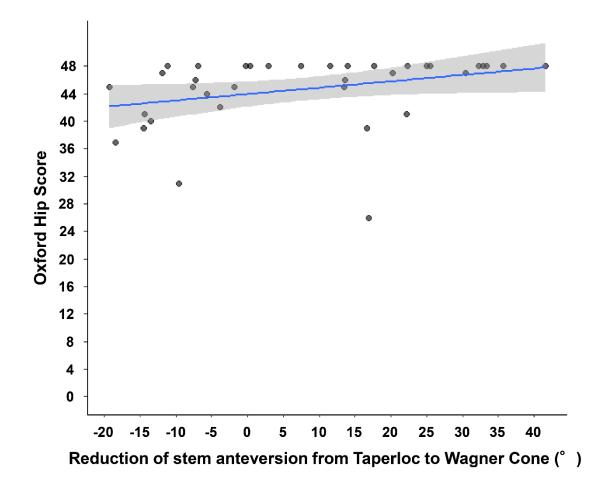


Fig e. Scatter plot, linear regression line, and 95% CI illustrating the association between reduction of stem anteversion from Taperloc to Wagner Cone (Zimmer Biomet, USA), and the Oxford Hip Score are shown.