NOTE: Please save this file locally before filling in the table, DO NOT work on the file within your internet browser as changes will not be saved. Adobe Acrobat Reader (available free here) is recommended for completion.

ARRIVE The ARRIVE guidelines 2.0: author checklist

The ARRIVE Essential 10

These items are the basic minimum to include in a manuscript. Without this information, readers and reviewers cannot assess the reliability of the findings.

Item		Recommendation	Section/line number, or reason for not reporting
Study design	1	For each experiment, provide brief details of study design including:	Methods/ Animals/
		a. The groups being compared, including control groups. If no control group has been used, the rationale should be stated.	Line 23 to 32.
		b. The experimental unit (e.g. a single animal, litter, or cage of animals).	Methods/ The experiments design/ Line 35 to 59.
Sample size	2	a. Specify the exact number of experimental units allocated to each group, and the total number in each experiment. Also indicate the total number of animals used.	Methods/ The experiments design/ Line 35 to 59.
		b. Explain how the sample size was decided. Provide details of any <i>a priori</i> sample size calculation, if done.	Methods/ The experiments design/ Line 35 to 38.
Inclusion and exclusion criteria	3	a. Describe any criteria used for including and excluding animals (or experimental units) during the experiment, and data points during the analysis. Specify if these	Methods/ The experiments design/ Line 35 to 59.
		criteria were established <i>a priori</i>. If no criteria were set, state this explicitly.b. For each experimental group, report any animals, experimental units or data points	Methods/ The experiments design/ Line 35 to 59.
		not included in the analysis and explain why. If there were no exclusions, state so. c. For each analysis, report the exact value of <i>n</i> in each experimental group.	Methods/ The experiments design/ Line 35 to 59.
Randomisation	4	a. State whether randomisation was used to allocate experimental units to control and treatment groups. If done, provide the method used to generate the randomisation sequence.	Methods/ The experiments design/Line 38-50 / The rats at a similar age wererandomly assigned to each group. Norandomisation sequence was used line 35 to 59.
		b. Describe the strategy used to minimise potential confounders such as the order of treatments and measurements, or animal/cage location. If confounders were not controlled, state this explicitly.	Since this is a long-term studyand treatments were randomised,confounder control is notnecessary.
Blinding	5	Describe who was aware of the group allocation at the different stages of the experiment (during the allocation, the conduct of the experiment, the outcome assessment, and the data analysis).	The first and correspondence authors were aware of group allocation (Title page).
Outcome measures	6	a. Clearly define all outcome measures assessed (e.g. cell death, molecular markers, or behavioural changes).	Methods/ page 5 line 42-59. and page 6 line 5-34.
		b. For hypothesis-testing studies, specify the primary outcome measure, i.e. the outcome measure that was used to determine the sample size.	This is not a hypothesis-testing study and the sample size was determined by using previous studies in our laboratory.
Statistical methods	7	 Provide details of the statistical methods used for each analysis, including software used. 	Methods/ Statistical analysis and image processing/ page 6 line 36-55.
		b. Describe any methods used to assess whether the data met the assumptions of the statistical approach, and what was done if the assumptions were not met.	Methods/ Statistical analysis and image processing/ page 6 line 36-55.
Experimental animals	8	a. Provide species-appropriate details of the animals used, including species, strain and substrain, sex, age or developmental stage, and, if relevant, weight.	Methods/ Animals/ Line 23 to 32.
		b. Provide further relevant information on the provenance of animals, health/immune status, genetic modification status, genotype, and any previous procedures.	Methods/ Animals/ Line 23 to 32.
Experimental procedures	9	For each experimental group, including controls, describe the procedures in enough detail to allow others to replicate them, including:	Methods/ and Results
		a. What was done, how it was done and what was used.	Methods/ and Results
		b. When and how often.	Methods/ and Results
		c. Where (including detail of any acclimatisation periods).d. Why (provide rationale for procedures).	Methods/ and Results
Results	10	For each experiment conducted, including independent replications, report:	Results
		a. Summary/descriptive statistics for each experimental group, with a measure of variability where applicable (e.g. mean and SD, or median and range).	Not applicable
		b. If applicable, the effect size with a confidence interval.	